### Lecturer English Mcqs PSC Past Paper

Lecturer English Mcqs PSC Past Paper

Who belongs to	the	Absurd	School	of I	Orama'.
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- (a) Shaw (b) Beckett (c) Pinter
- (d) Eliot (e) None of these
- 2) To the Light House" is written by:
- (a) Lawrence (b) Dylan Thomas (c) Hemingway
- (d) Forster (e) None of these
- 3) I am too much in the sun in "Hamlet" is spoken by:
- (a) Polonius (b) Claudius (c) Hamlet
- (d) Ophelia (e) None of these 4)
- "Ullyses" is written by:
- (a) James Joyce (b) Virginia Woolf (c) Hardy
- (d) Forster (e) None of these
- 5) Elizabeth is a character from Jane Austen's:
- (a) Emma (b) Pride and Prejudice (c) Mansfield Palck
- (d) Northanger Abby (e) None of these 6) "Tear Idle Tears" is a poem by:
- (a) Frost (b) Browning (c) Yeats
- (d) Eliot (e) None of these 7)
- "Thought Fox" is written by:
- (a) Ted Hughes (b) Philip Larkin (c) Heaney
- (d) Sylvia Plath (e) None of these 8) "Major

Barbra" is written by:

- (a) Beckett (b) Pinter (c) Eliot
- (d) Shaw (e) None of these 9)

Lilliput is a character from:

- (a) Gulliver's Travels (b) Pygmalion (c) Sons & lovers
- (d) Old man and the sea (e) None of these 10) "Fire

and Ice" is written by:

(a) Eliot (b) Yeats (c) Frost (d)

Auden (e) None of these 11)

Swift belong to:

- (a) Renassiance period (b) Restoration (c) Romantic period
- (d) Augustan age (e) None of these
- 12) The Novel of Lawrence banned by the government was:
- (a) Sons and Lovers (b) Lady Chatterley's Lover (c) Women in Love
- (d) The Rainbow (e) None of these
- 13) "Undo this Button" is a line from Shakespeare's:
- (a) Hamlet (b) Othello (c) King Lear
- (d) Julius Caeser (e) None of these 14)
- "Ode to Psyche" is a poem by:
- (a) Milton (b) Byron (c) Keats
- (d) Blake (e) None of these
- 15) "I am no Prince Hamlet" is a line written by:
- (a) Shakespeare (b) Yeats (c) Eliot
- (d) Auden (e) None of these

- 16) "Things fall apart" is a line from Yeats's:
- (a) Among School Children (b) Byzentium (c) Sailing to Byzentium
- (d) The Second coming (e) None of these
- 17) "Good flences make good neighbours" is from Frosts':
- (a) Revelation (b) Mending (c) Pasture
- (d) Birches (e) None of these
- 18) 'April is the Cruelest month of all is taken from Eliot's:
- (a) The Wasteland (b) The Hollow men (c) East Coker
- (d) Prufrock (e) None of these 19) "A Farewell to

Arms" is written by:

- (a) Faulkner (b) Hemmingway (c) James Joyce
- (d) Virginia Woolf (e) None of these 20) "A

passage to India" is written by:

(a) Forester (b) Conrad (c) Lawrence (d)

Hardy (e) None of these

- 21) "Ode to West Wind was written by:
- (a) Keats (b) Shelley (c) Byron
- (d) Blake (e) None of these 22)

Keats was born in:

- (a) 1770 (b) 1779 (c) 1795
- (d) 1790 (e) None of these
- 23. Dream Children was written by:
- (a) Leigh Hunt (b) Charles Lamb (c) Hazzlit
- (d) Ruskin (e) None of these
- 24) "Picture of Dorian Gray" was written by:
- (a) Oscar Wild (b) Dickens (c) Hardy
- (d) George Eliot (e) None of these 25)

Ruskin belonged to:

- (a) Romantic age (b) Modern age (c) Victorian age
- (d) Augustan age (e) None of these 26)

Wordsworth lived from:

- (a) 1770 1832 (b) 1775 1859 (c) 1770 1850 (d)
- 1770 1802 (e) None of these
- 27) Heroes and Hero Worship" was written by:
- (a) Mill (b) Carlyle (c) Macaulay (d)

Coleridge (e) None of these 28) "Fair

Seed time had my Soul" is from:

- (a) Ode to autumn (b) To a Highland girl (c) Ancient Mariner
- (d) Child Harold's Pilgrimage (e) None of these 29) "Great

Expectations" was written by: (a) George Eliot (b) Thackeray

- (c) Hardy (d) Dickens (e) None of these
- 30) "Lotus Eaters" is written by:
- (a) Tennyson (b) Browning (c) Mathew Arnold
- (d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 31) Lamb, Leigh Haut and Hazzlit are:
- (a) Poets (b) Dramatists (c) Essayists
- (d) Novelists (e) None of these 32)

"My Last Duchess" was written by: (a)

Keats (b) Coleridge (c) Tennyson (d)

Browning (e) None of these 33) Emity

Bronte is the writer of:

(a) Wuthering Heights (b) Emma (c) Under the greenwood Tree

- (d) Mr Chips (e) None of these
- 34) "Poetry is a spontaneous overflow of powerful feeling" is a definition of poetry by:
- (a) Keats (b) Wordsworth (c) Shelley
- (d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 35) "Heard Melodies are sweet but those unheard are sweeter" is a line from:
- (a) Ode on a Grecian Urn (b) Ode to a nightingale (c) The Prelude
- (d) Ode to Autumn (e) None of these 36) "Waverley" was written by:
- (a) Scott (b) Hardy (c) Jane Austen
- (d) Dickens (e) None of these
- (37) "We are Seven" is written by:
- (a) Keats (b) Shelly (c) Byron (d)

Hardy (e) None of these

- 38) "Past and present" is written by:
- (a) Mill (b) Lamb (c) Hazlitt
- (d) Carlyle (e) None of these
- 39) "Modern Painters" is written by:
- (a) Ruskin (b) Carlyle (c) Mill
- (d) Macaulay (e) None of these

40)

- 46) William Faulkner was awarded Nobel Prize for literature in:
- (a) 1949 (b) 1950 (c) 1951
- (d) 1953 (e) None of these
- 47) G.B. Shaw was awarded Nobel Prize for literature in:
- (a) 1925 (b) 1929 (c) 1930
- (d) 1949 (e) None of these
- 48 'The Winding Stair' is written by:
- (a) Ted Hughes (b) T.S. Eliot (c) W.B. Yeats
- (d) W.H. Auden (e) None of these
- 49) 'Murder in the Cathedral' is a play written by:
- (a) Shakespeare (b) Marlowe (c) Oscar Wilde
- (d) T.S. Eliot (e) None of these
- 50) 'The Rainbow' is a novel written by:
- (a) Hemingway (b) Virginia Woolf (c) E.M. Forster
- (d) D.H. Lawrence (e) None of these "Byron is the" writer of:
- (a) Don Jaun (b) Prometheus Unbound (c) Adonias
- (d) Lucy Gray (e) None of these
- 41 In Shakespeare's Tragedies Character is not Destiny but there is Character and Destiny is a remark by:
- (a) Nicoll (b) Goddord (c) Bradley
- (d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 42 "How came he dead? I shall not be juggled with: Tohell allegiance! Vows, to the blackest devil! Is a speech in Hamlet spoken by:
- (a) Hamlet (b) Laertes (c) Polonius (d)

Claudius (e) None of these

- 43) Aspect of the Novel is written by:
- (a) David Cecil (b) Walter Allen (c) Arnold Kettle
- (d) E.M. Forster (e) None of these 44) Lotos

Eaters is a poem by:

- (a) Browning (b) Tennyson (c) Yeats
- (d) Frost (e) None of these
- 45) 'The Hollow Men' is written by:

### **English Literature Mcqs Test**

#### **English Literature Mcqs Test**

- 1. Which poem ends 'I shall but love thee better after death'?
- a. How do I love thee
- b. Ode to a Grecian urn
- c. In faith I do not love thee with mine eyes
- d. Let me not to the marriage of true minds
- 2. Which poet is considered a national hero in Greece?
- a. John keats
- b. Lord Byron
- c. Solan
- d. Sappho
- 3. Which kind of poem is Edward Lear associated with?
- a. Nature
- b. Epics
- c. Sonnets
- d. Nonsense
- 4. In coleridge's poem 'The rime of the Ancient Mariner'where were the three gallants going? a.
- A funeral
- b. A wedding
- c. Market
- d. To the races
- 5. Harold Nicholson described which poet as 'Very yellow and glum. Perfect manners'? a.
- e. e. Cummings
- b. T. S. Elliot
- c. John Greenleaf Whittier
- d. Walt Whitman
- 6. What was strange about Emily Dickinson?
- a. She rarely left home
- b. She wrote in code
- c. She never attempted to publish her poetry
- d. She wrote her poems in invisible ink
- 7. Rupert Brooke wrote his poetry during which conflict?
- a. Boer War
- b. Second World War
- c. Korean War
- d. First World War
- 8. Which Poet Laureatewrote about a church mouse?

- a. Betjeman
- b. Hughes
- c. Marvel
- d. Larkin
- 9. Which American writer published 'A brave and startling truth' in 1996
- a. Robert Hass
- b. Jessica Hagdorn
- c. Maya Angelou
- d. Micheal Palmer
- 10. Who wrote about the idyllic 'Isle of Innisfree'?
- a. Dylan Thomas
- b. Ezra Pound
- c. W. B. Yeats
- d. e. e. cummings

A pattern of accented and unaccented syllables in lines of poetry

rhyme scheme meter alliteration

2. The repetition of similar ending sounds

alliteration

onomatopoiea rhyme

3. Applying human qualities to non-human things

personification onomatopoeia

alliteration

4. The repetition of beginning consonant sounds

rhyme

onomatopoeia

alliteration

- 5. A comparison of unlike things without using a word of comparison such as like or as metaphor simile personification
- 6. The comparison of unlike things using the words like or as metaphor simile personification
- 7. Using words or letters to imitate sounds

alliteration simile

onomatopoeia

- 8. a description that appeals to one of the five senses imagery personification metaphor
- 9. A poem that tells a story with plot, setting, and characters lyric free verse

narrative

10. A poem with no meter or rhyme

lyric free

verse

narrative

11. A poem that generally has meter and rhyme

lyric free

verse

narrative

### **English Mcqs Practice Test**

Posted by staff on 13 October 2014, 2:33 am

C. before D. drove

The most exciting part of the novel was when Mathilda rejected Count Vladimir.

A. exciting B. part

C. was when D. rejected

You didn't leave none for the other workers.

A. didn't leave B. none

C. for the D. other workers

You are liable to be selected to be the next chairperson of the department.

A. liable B. to be selected

**English Mcqs Practice Test** 

#### The amount of people who have registered for this course is very high.

A.	Amount	B.	registered
C.	For	D.	is

#### I thought that the books were their's but I see now that I was mistaken.

A.	were	B.	their's
C.	but I	D.	that I

You drunk too much liquor before you drove home last night.

A. drunk B. too much

C. chairperson D. department

With little work to occupy them the soldiers suffered from low moral.

A. little B. occupy them

C. suffered from D. low moral

For he to be re-elected, it is not essential that his policies work.

A. he B. re-elected

C. that D. work

The meeting went well, so I believe I have a reasonable good chance of success.

A. well B. so I

C. reasonable D. of success

You should not exceed to their unreasonable demands this time.

A. should B. exceed

C. unreasonable D. this time

There were at least three new innovations that the chairman suggested.

A. were B. new

C. innovations D. chairman

One should dress neatly, be prompt, and displaying interest in the job.

A. one B. dress

C. be prompt D. displaying

Illiteracy affects million of people worldwide.

A. Illiteracy B. affects

C. million D. worldwide

. The union insisted on an increase in their members' starting pay.

A. the union B. insisted on

C. their D. members'

If the game went into extra innings, the relief pitcher would have won it.

A. went B. into

C. relief pitcher D. it

Hardly no one is able to compete in professional sports after the age of forty.

A. hardly no one B. to compete

C. professional sports D. age of forty

A person may study diligently, but without adequate sleep you con't succeed. A. diligently B. but without

C. you D. succeed.

### **English Synonyms Mcqs Test**

Posted by staff on 13 September 2014, 4:39 am English Synonyms Mcqs Test

#### **Ebb**



#### **Foment**

provoke extirpate isolation abrasion

### Gag

silence animate avoke superb

#### Havoc

devastation knowledge prosperity fact

### **Idolize**

adore execrate loathe fickle

### Huddle

confuse arrange neutral genuine

#### Illusion

hallucination reality fact purge

### **Imbecile**

idiotic v pure shrewd innate

### Jocund

gay

barren mourning puzzle

#### **Kernel**

nucleus V
broad stranger
kind

### Limpid

clear muddy resembling

### Melancholy

sadness dissolbe joy petty

### **Nullify**

slanting horizontal bore disregard

### **Purulent**

corrupt peaceable healthy prudish

### **Prosal**

#### C

dull dashing litigious petulant

### Quack

imposter vgull amount defy

### **Stupendous**



#### **Tacit**

silent formal fear celestial

### Vindicate

justify accustiom perverse pungent

#### **Abhor**

detest Crave reconcile rude

### **Abnegation**

rejection complete indulgence final

### **Bellicose**

pugnacious agile peaceful stupefy

### **Capricious**

uncertain constant brave pause

#### **Desuetude**

obsoleteness custom argue dissent

### **Ebullient**

exuberant V
deight

### **English Sentence Correction Mcqs Practice Test**

Posted by staff on 8 September 2014, 6:13 am English Sentence Correction Mcqs Practice Test

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Aslam called Ali fool Aslam called Ali foolsh
Aslam called Ali as fool
Aslam called the Ali foolsh

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Jahngir keeps away from bad boys
Jahngir keeps himself away from bad boys
Jahngir keeps ownself away from bad boys Jahngir
keeps himself away from bad boys

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

I regard Fareed as my brother
I regards Fareed as my brother
I regard Fareed my brother
I does not regard Fareed as my brother

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

There is a little milk in the jug

There is little milk in the jug

There is a few milk in the jug

There is a small milk in the jug

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

I have read the few books which I bought last year I have read the few books which I bought last year I have read few books which I bought last year I have read the few books those I bought last year

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

The poor are hated everywhere

Poor are hated everywhere

The poors are hated everywhere The poor is hated everywhere

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

She resembles her mohter She resembles with her mohter She resembles to her mohter She resemble with her mohter

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

This book is the most interesting of three
This book is the more interesting of three
This book is most the interesting of three
This book is moer interesting the of three

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Aslam succeeded in passing the examination

Aslam succeeded to passing the examination

Aslam succeeded in pass the examination

Aslam succeeded of passing the examination

# Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He is as tall as I

He is so tall as I

He is as tall as all to us He
is as so tall as I am

# Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He is as tall as all of us
He is as tall as all of us
He is as tall as all to us
He is as tall as us

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He had hardly gone out when it began to rain

He had to hardly gone out when it began to rain

He had hardly to go out when it began to rain

He had hardly gone out when it is began to rain

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He not only reads but also writes

He is not only reads but also writes

He not only read but also writes

He is only not reads but also writes

# Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.



## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Work hard lest you should fail Work hard might you should not fail Work hard lest you could fail Work hard lest you should not fail

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Everyone of these girls is learning her lession Everyone of these girls are learning her lession Everyone of these girls is learning their lession Every of these girls is learning her lession

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

She replied in the negative
She replied in negative
She replied into negative
She replied into the negative

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Either he or I am responsible for the loss
Either he nor I am responsible for the loss
Either he or I is responsible for the loss
Neither he or I am responsible for the loss

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

The more we get, the more we want

More we get, the more we want

The more we get, more we want More
we get, more we want

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

She is the tallest girl in the class
She is the most tallest girl in the class
She is the taller girl in the class She
is the tallest girl in class

# Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

The earth revolves round the sun

Earth revolves round the sun

The earth revolve round the sun The
earth revolves round sun

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He cried as though he had seen a snake

He cried as though if he had seen a snake

He cried as though he had saw a snake

He cried as though he had to seen a snake

## Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

When he comes I will entertain him
When he come I will entertain him
When he comes I entertain him
When he does comes I will entertain him

# Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He could not come due to illness

He could not come by illness

He could not come from illness

He could not come because of this illness

# Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

She is ill due to cold She is ill from cold She is ill from to cold

### She is ill with cold English Spell Correction Mcqs Practice Test

Posted by staff on 8 September 2014, 6:11 am

English Spell Correction Mcqs Practice Test

#### Pick the correct word:



Corridination

Coordination coardination

#### Pick the correct word:



Confarence

Conferance conferense

#### Pick the correct word:

Association **V** 

Assocation

Assosiation

Asociation

### Pick the correct word:



Patroleum

Petroollem

Petrouleum

#### Pick the correct word:

Headquarter V

Headqueter

Headkuarter

Headquarar

### Pick the correct word:



Exacutive

Execative

Axxecutive



Comerace

Commerace

Commerse

#### Pick the correct word:



Vevacious

Vivaceous

Vivasious

#### Pick the correct word:



Testtimoney

**Testimoney Testimaeny** 

### Pick the correct word:



Subsicetence

Subsistance

Subsistense

### Pick the correct word:

Ratification Rattification

Ratiffication

Ratifecation

### Pick the correct word:



Ellegitimacy

Illegitimasy

#### Pick the correct word:

Obsolete 🗸

Obsoolete

Obsoulte

Obsolet

### Pick the correct word:

Straightforward V

Straghforward

Straightforwar

### Pick the correct word:

Misapprehension **V** 

Misaprehension

Misapprehsion

Missaprehension

Heinous

Heineous

Henous

Heneous

### Pick the correct word:

Habitual V

Habitueal

Habbitual`Habittual

#### Pick the correct word:

Grotesque V

Grottesque

Grostescuee

Ghirotesque

### Pick the correct word:

Circumlocution

Circanlocution

Circumlooction

Sircumiotion

#### Pick the correct word:

Facititous V

Factiteous Facqitius

Facittius

#### Pick the correct word:

Aristocracy

Aristokracy

Aricetocracy

#### Pick the correct word:

Antibody V

Anttibody

Antibodi

Antebody

### Pick the correct word:

Antiseptic V

Anticeptic

Antiseaptic

Antisepttic

### Pick the correct word:

Colloquial V

Colloquial

Colloquiail

Collqoquiall

Inaudible V

Enaudible

Anaudible

Inaddible

### **English Mcqs Paper for Public Service Commission Exam**

Posted by administrator On 24 May 2014, 5:41 am

### **English Mcqs Paper For Public Service**

### **Commission Exam**

English Mcqs Paper for Public Service Commission Exam

- 301. The main character in Paradise Lost Book I and Book II is?
  - (A God
  - (B Satan (C) Adam
  - (D) Eve
- 302. In Sons and Lovers, Paul Morel's mother's name is?
  - (A)Susan
  - (B)Jane
  - (C)Gertrude
  - (D) Emily
- 303. The twins in Lord of the Flies are?
  - (A)Ralph and Jack
  - (B) Simon and Eric
  - (C) Ralph and Eric
  - (D) Simon and Jack
- 304.Mr. Jaggers, in Great Expectations, is a
  - (A lawyer
  - (B postman
  - (C)Judge
  - (D) School teacher
- 305. What does 'I' stand for in the following line?
  - 'To Carthage then I came'
  - (A Buddha
  - (B Tiresias

(C Smyrna Merchant
(D Augustine
• 306. The following lines are an example of image.
'The river sweats
Oil and tar'
(A) visual
(B) kinetic
(C) erotic
(D) sensual
• 307. Which of the following novels has the sub-title 'A Novel Without a Hero'?
(A) Vanity Fair
(B) Middlemarch
(C) Wuthering Heights
( <b>D</b> ) Oliver Twist
• 308. In 'Leda and the Swan', who wooes Leda in guise of a swan?
(A) Mars
(B) Hercules
(C) Zeus
( <b>D</b> ) Bacchus
• 309. Who invented the term 'Sprung rhythm'?
(A)Hopkins
(B)Tennyson
(C)Browning
(D)Wordsworth
• 310. Who wrote the poem 'Defence of Lucknow'?
(A) Browning
(B) Tennyson
(C) Swinburne
( <b>D</b> ) Rossetti
• 311.Which of the following plays of Shakespeare has an epilogue?
(A) The Tempest
(B) Henry IV, Pt I (C) Hamlet
(D) Twelfth Night
• 312. Hamlet's famous speech 'To be, or not to be; that is the question' occurs in? (A) Act II, Scene I
(B) Act III, Scene III
(C) Act IV, Scene III
(D) Act III, Scene I
313. Identify the character in The Tempest who is referred to as an honest old counselor
(A) Alonso
(B) Ariel
(C) Gonzalo
(D) Stephano
• 314. What is the sub-title of the play Twelfth Night?
(A) Or, What is you Will
(B) Or, What you Will
(C) Or, What you Like It
( <b>D</b> ) Or, What you Think

- 315. Which of the following plays of Shakespeare, according to T. S.
  - Eliot, is 'artistic failure'?
  - (A) The Tempest
  - (B) Hamlet
  - (C) Henry IV, Pt I
  - (D) Twelfth Night
- 316. Who is Thomas Percy in Henry IV, Pt I?
  - (A) Earl of Northumberland
  - (B) Earl of March
  - (C) Earl of Douglas
  - (**D**) Earl of Worcester
- 317. Paradise Lost was originally written in?
  - (A) ten books
  - **(B)** eleven books
  - (C) nine books
  - (D) eight books
  - 318. In Pride and Prejudice, Lydia elopes with?
  - (A) Darcy
  - (B) Wickham
  - (C) William Collins
  - (D) Charles Bingley
- 319. Who coined the phrase 'Egotistical Sublime'?
  - (A) William Wordsworth
  - (B) P.B.Shelley
  - (C) S. T. Coleridge
  - (**D**) John Keats
- 320. Who is commonly known as 'Pip' in Great Expectations?
  - (A) Philip Pirrip
  - (B) Filip Pirip (C)Philip Pip
  - (D) Philips Pirip
- 321. The novel The Power and the Glory is set in?
  - (A)Mexico
  - (B) Italy
  - (C)France
  - (D) Germany
- 323. Which of the following is Golding's first novel?
  - (A) The Inheritors
  - (B) Lord of the Flies
  - (C) Pincher Martin
  - (**D**) Pyramid
- 324.Identify the character who is a supporter of Women's Rights in Sons and Lovers?
  - (A) Mrs. Morel
  - (B) Annie
  - (C) Miriam
  - (**D**) Clara Dawes
- 325. Vanity Fair is a novel by?
  - (A) Jane Austen

- (B) Charles Dickens
- (C) W. M. Thackeray
- (**D**) Thomas Hardy
- 326. Shelley's Adonais is an elegy on the death of?
  - (A) Milton
  - (B) Coleridge
  - (C) Keats
  - (D) Johnson
- 327. Which of the following is the first novel of D. H. Lawrence?
  - (A) The White Peacock
  - **(B)** The Trespasser
  - (C) Sons and Lovers
  - (**D**) Women in Love
- 328. In the poem 'Tintern Abbey', 'dearest friend' refers to?
  - (A) Nature
  - (B) Dorothy
  - (C) Coleridge
  - **(D)** Wye
- 329. Who, among the following, is not the second generation of British Romantics?
  - (A) Keats
  - (B) Wordsworth
  - (C) Shelley
  - (**D**) Byron
- 330. Which of the following poems of Coleridge is a ballad?
  - (A) Work Without Hope
  - (B) Frost at Midnight
  - (C) The Rime of the Ancient Mariner
  - (D) Youth and Age
- 331. Identify the writer who was expelled from Oxford for circulating a pamphlet— (A) P. B.

#### **Shelley**

- (B) Charles Lamb
- (C) Hazlitt
- (D) Coleridge
- 332. Keats's Endymion is dedicated to?
  - (A) Leigh Hunt (B) Milton
  - (C) Shakespeare
  - (D) Thomas Chatterton
- 333. The second series of Essays of Elia by Charles Lamb was published in?
  - (A) 1823
  - **(B)** 1826
  - **(C)** 1834
  - (D) 1833
- 334. Which of the following poets does not belong to the 'Lake School'?
- (A) Keats
- (B) Coleridge
  - (C) Southey
  - (D) Wordsworth
- 335. Who, among the following writers, was not educated at Christ's Hospital School, London?

- (A) Charles Lamb
- (B) William Wordsworth
- (C) Leigh Hunt
- (D) S. T. Coleridge
- 336. Who derided Hazlitt as one of the members of the 'Cockney School of Poetry'?
  - (A) Tennyson
  - (8) Charles Lamb
  - (C) Lockhart
  - (D) T. S. Eliot
  - 337. Tennyson's poem 'In Memoriam'was written in memory of?
  - (A) A. H. Hallam
  - (B) Edward King
  - **(C)** Wellington
  - (**D**) P. B. Shelley
- 338. Who, among the following, is not connected with the Oxford Movement?
  - (A) Robert Browning
  - (B) John Keble
  - (C) E. B. Pusey
  - (D) J. H. Newman
- 339. Identify the work by Swinburne which begins "when the hounds of spring are on winter's traces.."?
  - (A) Chastelard
  - (B) A Song of Italy
  - (C) Atalanta in Calydon
  - **(D)** Songs before Sunrise
- 340. Carlyle's work On Heroes, Hero Worship and the Heroic in History is a course of?
  - (A) six lectures
  - (B) five lectures
  - (C) four lectures
  - (**D**) seven lectures
- 341. Who is praised as a hero by Carlyle in his lecture on the 'Hero as King'?
  - (A) Johnson
  - (B) Cromwell
  - (C) Shakespeare
  - **(D)** Luther
- 342. Identify the work by Ruskin which began as a defence of contemporary landscape artist especially Turner? (A) The Stones of Venice
  - (B) The Two Paths
  - (C) The Seven Lamps of Architecture
  - (D) Modem Painters
  - 343. The term 'the Palliser Novels' is used to describe the political novels of?
  - (A) Charles Dickens
  - (B) Anthony Trollope
  - (C) W. H. White
  - (D) B. Disraeli

- 344. Identify the poet, whom Queen Victoria, regarded as the perfect poet of 'love and loss'—
- (A) Tennyson (B) Browning
- (C) Swinburne
- (D) D. G. Rossetti
- 345. A verse form using stanza of eight lines, each with eleven syllables, is known as?
- (A) Spenserian Stanza
- (B) Ballad
- (C) Ottava Rima
- (D) Rhyme Royal
- 346. Identify the writer who first used blank verse in English poetry?
  - (A) Sir Thomas Wyatt
  - (B) William Shakespeare
  - (C) Earl of Surrey
  - (D) Milton
- 347. The Aesthetic Movement which blossomed during the 1880s was not influenced by?
  - (A) The Pre-Raphaelites
  - (B) Ruskin
  - (C) Pater
  - (D) Matthew Arnold
- 348. Identify the rhetorical figure used in the following line of Tennyson "Faith un-faithful kept him falsely true."
  - (A) Oxymoron
  - (B) Metaphor
  - (C) Simile
  - (D) Synecdoche
- 349. W. B. Yeats used the phrase 'the artifice of eternity' in his poem?
  - (A) Sailing to Byzantium
  - (B) Byzantium
  - (C) The Second Coming
  - (D) Leda and the Swan
- 350. Who is Pip's friend in London?
  - (A) Pumblechook
  - (B) Herbert Pocket
  - (C) Bentley Drummle
  - (D) Jaggers
- 351. Who is Mr. Tench in The Power and the Glory?
  - (A) A teacher
  - (B) A clerk (C) A thief (D) A dentist

# **English Grammar Mcqs Practice Test for Improving English Skills**

Posted by administrator on 30 April 2014, 3:22 am

# **English Grammar Mcqs Practice Test For Improving English Skills**

English Grammar Mcqs Practice Test for Improving English Skills

1. THE SCENERY OF SWAT LOVELY 2.
3. CATTLE EATING GRASS. 4.
<b>5. POLITICS A GAME.</b> 6.
7. HE ENJOYED HIMSELF THE CLASS. 8.
9. ARSLAN & ASLAM THIEVES.
11. AHMED KEEP AWAY SMOKING. 12.
13. EVERY BOY IS DOING DUTY. 14.
<b>15.</b> MR ASLAM GROWS A VARIETY FRUITS. 16.
<b>17. ONE OF THE GIRLS WISE.</b> 18.
19. WE ARE THE CANDIDATES THIS POST. 20.
<b>21.</b> I AM CAPABLE SOLVING THIS PROBLEM. 22.
23. SAIRA WAS CERTAIN HER SUCCESS. 24.
<b>25.</b> AHMED IS NOT CONSISTENT WHAT HE SAYS. 26.
<b>27. DO HE BELIEVE GOD.</b> 28.
<b>29.</b> MY BOOK IS COMPOSED LETTERS. 30.
<b>31.</b> RESEARCH OF INSPECTOR IS BASED FACTS. 32.
<b>33.</b> THE BEGGAR WAS BEGGING BREAD. 34.
<b>35.</b> SHE IS ANXIOUS HER SON'S HEALTH. 36.
37 ASLAM ASSURE ME HIS COOPERATION

38.
<b>39.</b> SHE TURNED THE LIGHT. 40.
41. PLEASE WRITE HIS PHONE NUMBER. 42.
43. HER MOTHER PASSED HER SKILLS TO HER. 44.
<b>45. GOVERNMENT WANTS TO ROOT CORRUPTION.</b> 46.
47. SAM RAN OFF THE MONEY. 48.
<b>49. SHUT THE COMPUTER PROPERLY.</b> 50.
<b>51.</b> IT IS BELOW YOUR DIGNITY DISOBEY YOUR TEACHER. 52.
<b>53.</b> HIS BETTER HALF A GOOD HOUSE KEEPER. 54.
<b>55. THEY BIRDS OF A FEATHER.</b> 56.
<b>57. WE WILL DEFEND OUR COUNTRY ANY COST.</b> 58.
59 MY SON IS THE APPLE MY EYES

# 60. PMS Exam English Subject Important Idioms Mcqs

61. Posted by administrator On 29 April 2014, 6:38 am

## 62.PMS Exam English Subject Important Idioms Mcqs

- **63.** PMS Exam English Subject Important Idioms Mcqs
- **64.** A Bird In The Hand Is Worth Two In The Bush:
- **65.** Having something that is certain is much better than taking a risk for more, because
- **66.** chances are you might lose everything.
- **67.** A Blessing In Disguise:
- **68.** Something good that isn't recognized at first.
- **69.** A Chip On Your Shoulder:
- **70.** Being upset for something that happened in the past.
- **71.** A Dime A Dozen:
- **72.** Anything that is common and easy to get.
- **73.** A Doubting Thomas:
- **74.** A skeptic who needs physical or personal evidence in order to believe something.

- **75.** A Drop in the Bucket:
- **76.** A very small part of something big or whole.
- **77.** A Fool And His Money Are Easily Parted:
- **78.** It's easy for a foolish person to lose his/her money.
- **79.** A House Divided Against Itself Cannot Stand:
- **80.** Everyone involved must unify and function together or it will not work out.
- **81.** A Leopard Can't Change His Spots:
- **82.** You cannot change who you are.
- **83.** A Penny Saved Is A Penny Earned:
- **84.** By not spending money, you are saving money (little by little).
- **85.** A Picture Paints a Thousand Words:
- **86.** A visual presentation is far more descriptive than words.
- **87.** A Piece of Cake:
- **88.** A task that can be accomplished very easily.
- **89.** A Slap on the Wrist:
- **90.** A very mild punishment.
- **91.** A Taste Of Your Own Medicine:
- **92.** When you are mistreated the same way you mistreat others.
- **93.** A Toss-Up:
- **94.** A result that is still unclear and can go either way.
- 95.
- 96. Actions Speak Louder Than Words:
- 97. It's better to actually do something than just talk about it.
- 98. Add Fuel To The Fire:
- 99. Whenever something is done to make a bad situation even worse than it is.
- 100. Against The Clock:
- 101. Rushed and short on time.
- 102. All Bark And No Bite:
- 103. When someone is threatening and/or aggressive but not willing to engage in a fight.
- 104. All Greek to me:
- 105. Meaningless and incomprehensible like someone who cannot read, speak, or 106. understand any of the Greek language would be.
- 107. All In The Same Boat:
- 108. When everyone is facing the same challenges.
- 109. An Arm And A Leg:
- 110. Very expensive. A large amount of money.
- 111. An Axe To Grind:
- 112. To have a dispute with someone.
- 113. Apple of My Eye:
- 114. Someone who is cherished above all others.
- 115. As High As A Kite:
- 116. Anything that is high up in the sky.
- 117. At The Drop Of A Hat:
- 118. Willing to do something immediately.
- 119. B
- 120. Back Seat Driver:

- 121. People who criticize from the sidelines, much like someone giving unwanted advice 122. from the back seat of a vehicle to the driver.
- 123. Back To Square One:
- 124. Having to start all over again.
- 125. Back To The Drawing Board:
- 126. When an attempt fails and it's time to start all over.
- 127. Baker's Dozen:
- 128. Barking Up The Wrong Tree:
- 129. A mistake made in something you are trying to achieve.
- 130. Beat A Dead Horse:
- 131. To force an issue that has already ended.
- 132. Beating Around The Bush:
- 133. Avoiding the main topic. Not speaking directly about the issue.
- 134. Bend Over Backwards:
- 135. Do whatever it takes to help. Willing to do anything.
- 136. Between A Rock And A Hard Place:
- 137. Stuck between two very bad options.
- 138. Bite Off More Than You Can Chew:
- 139. To take on a task that is way to big.
- 140. Bite Your Tongue:
- 141. To avoid talking.
- 142. Blood Is Thicker Than Water:
- 143. The family bond is closer than anything else.
- 144. Blue Moon:
- 145. A rare event or occurance.
- 146. Break A Leg:
- 147. A superstitious way to say 'good luck' without saying 'good luck', but rather the
- 148. opposite.
- 149. Buy A Lemon:
- 150. To purchase a vehicle that constantly gives problems or stops running after you drive
- 151. it away.
- 152. Can't Cut The Mustard:
- 153. Someone who isn't adequate enough to compete or participate.
- 154. Cast Iron Stomach:
- Someone who has no problems, complications or ill effects with eating anything or 156. drinking anything.
- 157. Charley Horse:
- 158. Stiffness in the leg / A leg cramp.
- 159. Chew someone out:
- 160. Verbally scold someone.
- 161. Chip on his Shoulder:
- 162. Angry today about something that occured in the past.
- 163. Chow Down:
- 164. To eat.
- 165. Close but no Cigar:
- 166. To be very near and almost accomplish a goal, but fall short.
- 167. Cock and Bull Story:
- 168. An unbelievable tale.
- 169. Come Hell Or High Water:

- 170. Any difficult situation or obstacle.
- 171. Crack Someone Up:
- 172. To make someone laugh.
- 173. Cross Your Fingers:
- To hope that something happens the way you want it to.
- 175. Cry Over Spilt Milk:

Words	Synonyms
Gigantic	Huge, Massive
Glow	Shine, Glisten
Grief	Sorrow, Sadness

Grievous	1	Painful, Hurtful	
Hamper		Impede, Hinder	
176.	When you complain about a loss f	from the past.	
177.	Cry Wolf:		
178.	Intentionally raise a false alarm.		
179.	Cup Of Joe:		
180.	A cup of coffee.		
181.	Curiosity Killed The Cat:		
182.	Being Inquisitive can lead you into a dangerous situation.		
183.	Cut to the Chase:		
184.	Leave out all the unnecessary details and just get to the point.		
185.	English Synor Commission E	nyms for Public Service Exams	
186.	Posted by administrator On 29 April	1.2014 6:16 am	
187.	•	nyms For Public Service	
188.	English Synonyms for Public Serv	vice Commission Exams	

Happiness	Joy, Delight, Mirth
Hate	Despise, Detest, Scorn
Healthy	Hearty, Wholesome, Strong
Heaven	Paradise
Help	Aid, Assistance
Hide	Conceal
High	Elevated, Lofty, Exalted
Honour	Prestige
Humility	Modesty, Humbleness
Illegal	Unlawful
Imagine	Fancy, Think
Imperial	Kingly, Royal
Industrious	Hardworking, Diligent
Inherit	Inborn, Natural
Injure	Harm, Wound
Intend	Propose, Mean
Journey	Travel, Tour, Trip
Jubilant	Exultant, Joyful
Just	Right, Proper
Knave	Villain
Knowledge	Information, Awareness
Lenient	Mild, Liberal
Lethal	Deadly, Fatal
Lethargy	Sluggishness, Laziness

Liberty	Freedom, Independence
Light	Ignite, Inflame
Likeness	Resemblance, Similarity
Loyal	Devoted, Faithful
Lucky	Fortunate
Manifest	Clear, Evident

Words	Synonyms
Abnormal	Unusual, Irregular
Abolish	Eradicate, Remove
Abound	Flourish, Overflow
Academical	Educational, Scholarly
Accede	Consent, Agree
Accumulate	Collect, Gather
Accurate	Correct, Exact
Acquaintance	Awareness, Familiarity
Acquire	Obtain, Procure
Active	Alert, Lively, Energetic
Adequate	Sufficient, Suitable
Admire	Appreciate, Praise
Admit	Confess
Aid	Help, Assistance
Aim	Goal, Purpose, Objective
Alien	Foreigner, Stranger
Allow	Permit, Admit
Ancient	Old
Anger	Fury Wrath
Anguish	Agony, Pain
Arrogant	Haughty, Proud

Attack	Aggression, Assault
Authentic	Genuine, Acceptable
Battle	Fight, Encounter, Conflict
Begin	Start, Commence
Blame	Accuse, Censure
Bleak	Dismal, Hopeless
Bliss	Joy, Pleasure
Blunder	Big Mistake, Error

Bold	Fearless, Courageous
Brave	Gallant, Courageous
Brief	Concise
Brutal	Sawage, Cruel
Build	Construct
Calculation	Count
Catch	Grab, Grasp
Change	Shift, Exchange, Alter
Charming	Attractive, Bewitching
Clever	Skillful, Ingenious
Coarse	Rough
Collision	Clash, Conflict, Impact
Compromise	Settlement, Adjustment
Conscious	Aware, Assured, Certain
Convey	Communicate, Shift, Transport
Costly	Precious, Expensive

# **English Mcqs Paper for Pcs Exam**

Posted by administrator on 6 April 2014, 12:59 am  $English\ Mcqs$ 

# **Paper For Pcs Exam**

English Mcqs Paper for Pcs Exam

1)Repetition of same vowel sound?
Assonance
2)The poet who used extensive alliteration?
Keats
3)Withering heights written by?
Hardy

4)The poem "Byzantium" is written about ?
Imaginary city
5)Carl sad burg born at ? Illinois
6)T.S Eliot was ?
Irish poet
7)Wasteland of Eliot is dedicated to ?
Ezra Pound
8)Shakespeare acted in one of plays of ?
Ben Johnson
9)Elizabeth Sewell born in ?
England
10) Linguistics is combination of words? Two
11)Sound produced with obstruction of air ?
I chose "diphthongs" but later I came to know right option was other, don't remember right now.
12)Semantics meaning?
Study of meanings
13)Word language consists of two words
Latin
14)Simon is character in one of novels
Golding
15)"Everyman in his humor" written by ?
Ben johnson
16) Caretaker written by ?
Pinter
17)Waiting for Godot's original language?
French
18) Stream of consciousness ?
Virginia Woolf
19) "Sejanus" is satirical tragedy by ?
Ben johnson
20)Unified sensibility ?
Donne
21) Winding Stair is poem by ?
W.B.Yeats
22) Synaethesia
Unification of senses
23) Time machine-the invisible man written by ?
H.G Wells
24)The egoist written by ?
George Meredith
25) Hardy's own classification of novels?
Three
26)George Eliot wrote Adam Bede at age of ? I
wrote 20 but it was 40
27)Age of George Eliot ?
Victorian 28)
Chaucer was ?

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sarcastic poet 29)Renaissance
period?
1550-1660
30)King Lear written in?
1603 to 1606
31)17th century's historical event?
Famine or Civil war
32)Paradise lost was written in?
1667
33)1660 – 1790 is rise of?
34)Literature became secular towards end of?
35) Tragicomedy of Shakespeare is also called?
 Reconciliation play
36) Type of literature, art or music is called?
37) Enthusiastic addiction to study of Greek and Roman antiquity led to?
None (Because it led to Hellenism, romantism) 38)Prospero was
protagonist of?
Pata nae
39)Age of Pope is called?
Augusten
40) Metaphysical poet is essay by?
T.S Eliot
41) Treatise on liberty written by ?
42) Figure of speech, exaggeration for emphasis?
Rhetoric
43) Adonis written for ?
Keats
44)Songs of innocence and experience belong to?
William Blake
45)Original title of Pride and Prejudice First
Impressions
46)Shelley's first work? Queen
Mab
47) First writer of Picaresque novel?
48) The road not taken by Frost is included in his collection?
Mountain Interval
49)Bacon was intellectually great but morally weak. Who said this?
50)Swift's irony fused into? humor
51) Nothing is beneath science, nor above science. who said?
Russell
52) Bird in "Ancient mariner"?
Albatross
53) Milton got blind in age of?
54) Hemingway's nick in later age?
Papa
55)Donne's faith?
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Protestant
56)John Keats gave up career of to become a poet farming
or medicine
57) Poet who studied at Cambridge but got no degree ? pata nae
58) Which century is most important epoch in intellectual history?
14th
59)During age of Chaucer,England passed through?
Medievalism
60)Marlow's primitive tragedy?
Dr.Faustus
61)Shakespeare comedy rival ?
62)Shakespeare comedy contain continental and ?
Mediterranean
63) Shakespeare's heroines have ?
Feminine traits
64) Who emerged as philosopher in "Merchant of Venice"?
65) Which play started with incident of ship wreck ? 66)Sir
Gwain and Green knight poems were written in age
67)Process of introducing new words?
68)War between flesh and spirit in which novel of Hardy?
69)Norman conquest in ?
70)Queen Elizabeth descended throne from ?

# Lecturer English MCQs Past Paper Lecturer English MCQs Past Paper

- 1) Who belongs to the Absurd School of Drama?
- (a) Shaw (b) Beckett (c) Pinter
- (d) Eliot (e) None of these
- 2) To the Light House" is written by:
- (a) Lawrence (b) Dylan Thomas (c) Hemingway
- (d) Forster (e) None of these
- 3) I am too much in the sun in "Hamlet" is spoken by:
- (a) Polonius (b) Claudius (c) Hamlet
- (d) Ophelia (e) None of these 4)
- "Ullyses" is written by:
- (a) James Joyce (b) Virginia Woolf (c) Hardy
- (d) Forster (e) None of these
- 5) Elizabeth is a character from Jane Austen's:
- (a) Emma (b) Pride and Prejudice (c) Mansfield Palck
- (d) Northanger Abby (e) None of these 6) "Tear Idle Tears" is a poem by:

- (a) Frost (b) Browning (c) Yeats
- (d) Eliot (e) None of these 7)

"Thought Fox" is written by:

- (a) Ted Hughes (b) Philip Larkin (c) Heaney
- (d) Sylvia Plath (e) None of these 8) "Major Barbra" is written by:
- (a) Beckett (b) Pinter (c) Eliot
- (d) Shaw (e) None of these
- 9) Lilliput is a character from:
- (a) Gulliver's Travels (b) Pygmalion (c) Sons & lovers
- (d) Old man and the sea (e) None of these 10) "Fire and Ice" is written by:
- (a) Eliot (b) Yeats (c) Frost
- (d) Auden (e) None of these
- 11) Swift belong to:
- (a) Renassiance period (b) Restoration (c) Romantic period
- (d) Augustan age (e) None of these
- 12) The Novel of Lawrence banned by the government was:
- (a) Sons and Lovers (b) Lady Chatterley's Lover (c) Women in Love
- (d) The Rainbow (e) None of these
- 13) "Undo this Button" is a line from Shakespeare's:
- (a) Hamlet (b) Othello (c) King Lear (d)

Julius Caeser (e) None of these 14)

"Ode to Psyche" is a poem by:

- (a) Milton (b) Byron (c) Keats
- (d) Blake (e) None of these
- 15) "I am no Prince Hamlet" is a line written by:
- (a) Shakespeare (b) Yeats (c) Eliot
- (d) Auden (e) None of these
- 16) "Things fall apart" is a line from Yeats's:
- (a) Among School Children (b) Byzentium (c) Sailing to Byzentium
- (d) The Second coming (e) None of these
- 17) "Good flences make good neighbours" is from Frosts':
- (a) Revelation (b) Mending (c) Pasture
- (d) Birches (e) None of these
- 18) 'April is the Cruelest month of all is taken from Eliot's:
- (a) The Wasteland (b) The Hollow men (c) East Coker
- (d) Prufrock (e) None of these 19) "A

Farewell to Arms" is written by:

- (a) Faulkner (b) Hemmingway (c) James Joyce
- (d) Virginia Woolf (e) None of these 20)
- "A passage to India" is written by:

- (a) Forester (b) Conrad (c) Lawrence
- (d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 21) "Ode to West Wind was written by:
- (a) Keats (b) Shelley (c) Byron
- (d) Blake (e) None of these 22)

Keats was born in:

- (a) 1770 (b) 1779 (c) 1795
- (d) 1790 (e) None of these 23.

Dream Children was written by:

- (a) Leigh Hunt (b) Charles Lamb (c) Hazzlit
- (d) Ruskin (e) None of these
- 24) "Picture of Dorian Gray" was written by:
- (a) Oscar Wild (b) Dickens (c) Hardy
- (d) George Eliot (e) None of these 25)

Ruskin belonged to:

- (a) Romantic age (b) Modern age (c) Victorian age
- (d) Augustan age (e) None of these 26)

Wordsworth lived from:

- (a) 1770 1832 (b) 1775 1859 (c) 1770 1850
- (d) 1770 1802 (e) None of these
- 27) Heroes and Hero Worship" was written by:
- (a) Mill (b) Carlyle (c) Macaulay
- (d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 28) "Fair Seed time had my Soul" is from:
- (a) Ode to autumn (b) To a Highland girl (c) Ancient Mariner
- (d) Child Harold's Pilgrimage (e) None of these 29) "Great

Expectations" was written by:

- (a) George Eliot (b) Thackeray (c) Hardy
- (d) Dickens (e) None of these 30)

"Lotus Eaters" is written by:

- (a) Tennyson (b) Browning (c) Mathew Arnold
- (d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 31) Lamb, Leigh Haut and Hazzlit are:
- (a) Poets (b) Dramatists (c) Essayists
- (d) Novelists (e) None of these 32)
- "My Last Duchess" was written by:
- (a) Keats (b) Coleridge (c) Tennyson
- (d) Browning (e) None of these 33)

Emity Bronte is the writer of:

- (a) Wuthering Heights (b) Emma (c) Under the greenwood Tree
- (d) Mr Chips (e) None of these
- 34) "Poetry is a spontaneous overflow of powerful feeling" is a definition of poetry by:
- (a) Keats (b) Wordsworth (c) Shelley

- (d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 35) "Heard Melodies are sweet but those unheard are sweeter" is a line from:
- (a) Ode on a Grecian Urn (b) Ode to a nightingale (c) The Prelude
- (d) Ode to Autumn (e) None of these 36) "Waverley" was written by:
- (a) Scott (b) Hardy (c) Jane Austen
- (d) Dickens (e) None of these (37)
- "We are Seven" is written by:
- (a) Keats (b) Shelly (c) Byron
- (d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 38) "Past and present" is written by:
- (a) Mill (b) Lamb (c) Hazlitt
- (d) Carlyle (e) None of these
- 39) "Modern Painters" is written by:
- (a) Ruskin (b) Carlyle (c) Mill
- (d) Macaulay (e) None of these 40)
- "Byron is the" writer of:
- (a) Don Jaun (b) Prometheus Unbound (c) Adonias
- (d) Lucy Gray (e) None of these
- 41 In Shakespeare's Tragedies Character is not Destiny but there is Character and Destiny is a remark by:
- (a) Nicoll (b) Goddord (c) Bradley
- (d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 42 "How came he dead? I shall not be juggled with: Tohell allegiance! Vows, to the blackest devil! Is a speech in Hamlet spoken by:
- (a) Hamlet (b) Laertes (c) Polonius
- (d) Claudius (e) None of these
- 43) Aspect of the Novel is written by:
- (a) David Cecil (b) Walter Allen (c) Arnold Kettle
- (d) E.M. Forster (e) None of these 44) Lotos

Eaters is a poem by:

- (a) Browning (b) Tennyson (c) Yeats
- (d) Frost (e) None of these
- 45) 'The Hollow Men' is written by:
- (a) T.S. Eliot (b) Ezra Pound (c) Yeats
- (d) Larkin (e) None of these
- 46) William Faulkner was awarded Nobel Prize for literature in:
- (a) 1949 (b) 1950 (c) 1951
- (d) 1953 (e) None of these
- 47) G.B. Shaw was awarded Nobel Prize for literature in:
- (a) 1925 (b) 1929 (c) 1930
- (d) 1949 (e) None of these

- 48 'The Winding Stair' is written by:
- (a) Ted Hughes (b) T.S. Eliot (c) W.B. Yeats
- (d) W.H. Auden (e) None of these
- 49) 'Murder in the Cathedral' is a play written by:
- (a) Shakespeare (b) Marlowe (c) Oscar Wilde (d)
- T.S. Eliot (e) None of these

# **English Synonyms Mcqs Test**

Posted by administrator On 2 April 2014, 1:51 am

# **English Synonyms Mcqs Test**

English Synonyms Mcqs Test

#### **Abandon**

vacate vacate foil lose gain

#### **Abdicate**

give ukp imperious rude dissent

# **Blasphemy**

impiety reverence divide fuse

# Cajole

lure warm suggest doubtful

#### **Dubious**

unreliable recede prokpound exculpate

#### Ebb

recede swell propound exculpate

#### **Foment**

provoke vextirpate isolation abrasion

# Gag silence animate avoke

superb

#### Havoc

devastation knowledge prosperity fact

#### **Idolize**

adore execrate loathe fickle

#### Huddle

confuse arrange neutral genuine

#### Illusion

hallucination reality fact purge

### **Imbecile**

idiotic v pure shrewd innate

#### **Jocund**

gay barren mourning puzzle

#### Kernel

nucleus broad stranger

# Limpid

clear muddy resembling strict

# Melancholy

sadness dissolbe joy petty

# **Nullify**

slanting horizontal bore disregard

#### **Purulent**

corrupt peaceable healthy prudish

#### **Prosal**

#### C

dull dashing litigious petulant

# Quack

imposter gull amount defy

# **Stupendous**

marvelous ordinary weak abandon

### **Tacit**

silent formal fear celestial

### Vin

dica

#### te

justify accustiom

perverse pungent

#### **Abhor**

detest

crave reconcile rude

# **Abnegation**

rejection complete indulgence final

### **Bellicose**

pugnacious vagile peaceful stupefy

# **Capricious**

uncertain constant brave pause

#### **Desuetude**

obsoleteness custom argue dissent

#### **Ebullient**

exuberant deight still

### obscure Fulminate

clamour barren misfire prodigal

# Grugal

thrifty prolific clamour efficacious

#### Garb

dress rage trivial distort

# Hypocrite

pretender 🗸

tumult noise genuine

# **Impeccable**

perfect trivial penniless spare

# **Impair**

Injure better saucy plite

#### **Juvenile**

youthful Vakin mature related

#### **Kindle**

light burn extingusih dark

#### Lucid

clear broad lovely fidelity

# Mendacity

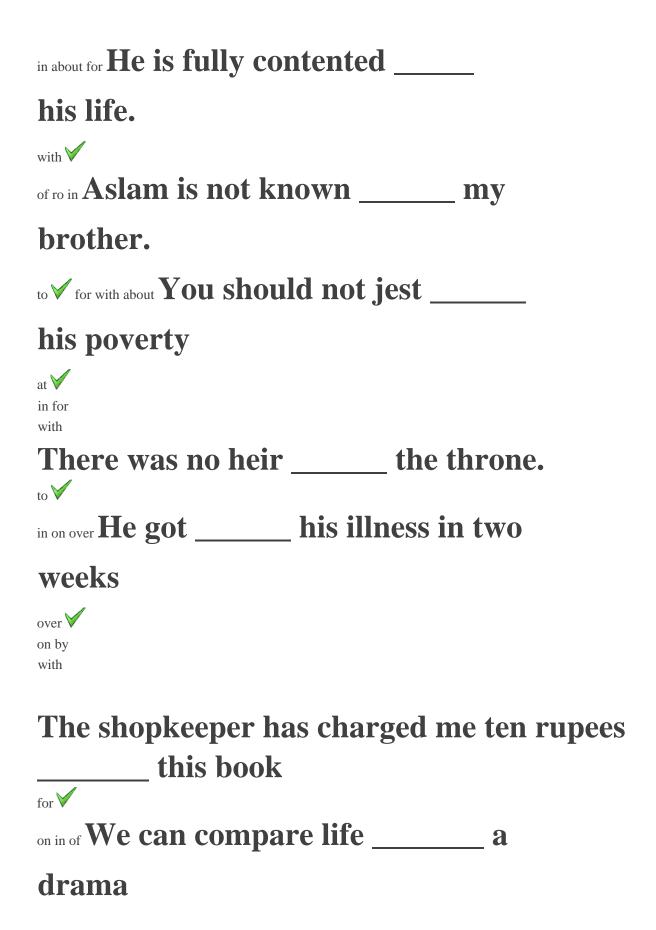
deception beggary candour promise

# **English Preposition Mcqs For Lecturer Test**

**English Preposition Mcqs for Lecturer Test** 

Akhtar was broken\_\_\_\_\_from his old friends.

away 🗸	
with of in I was amazed his	
misbehavior	
at 🗸	
in for with Saleem amused us	
jokes.	
with with of	
Arifa has been fully cured	the
chronic pain in her legs of ✓ in	
from with I was astonished his	
failure.	
at 🗸	
in on for The rains have set	
•	
in 🗸	
of on out He is capable doing	
anything	
$\circ$ f	



to <b>V</b> in for from <b>He is not liv</b>	ing	his
means.		
within for in		
I am aware	my sho	rt-comings
of  at over with <b>He is lax</b>		
morals		
in		
on with of <b>He part</b>	_ all his	possessions
happily		
on for from Piety makes		
happiness		
for on with from		
You should refrain		hurting her
feelings from		

to of over

I had the privilege	knowing him
inimately of V	
in for with She provoked him	1
anger	
to to for on after	
This course of action we the interests of the interest of the	1 0
of after with Amer has been b	lessed
a soon	
of with for	g his
upon He is always boastin wealth	.g ms
of of for with upon	
Our neighbor died	over work
from	

to in for Alia parted	her parents in
tears	
from of with by	
I took strong objection prokkposal	the
with against on She was mistaker	n a
switch	
for with over from I am badly in	need
money	
of of for on with	
Aslim was married	Amina
by with for <b>He has disposed</b>	his
house	
of 🗸	

in at

from He was never entitled	this high
post	
to 🗸	
of for over Razia is fit joining h	ner
duty	
for to in	
from We have full faith our	
leaders	
in 🗸	
of from with	
He has servants to attend	_ him
upon 🗸	
in over to He is averse hard	
work	
to 🗸	
on upon with He has recently taken	
drinking	
to 🗸	

from on for I prefer death
dishonor
to to than from in
His father prevailed him to join the government service  upon von in
from He was excluded the
team  from   on by for There is an exception every
rule to ✓ Ho is work quotoful
in for with He is very grateful  me  to
for from with He has copied this letter word
word from

# with in by The water supply at last gave



#### **English MCQs for Public Service Commission Lecturers' Test**

**English MCQs for Public Service Commission Lecturers' Test** 

"Soldier's pay" is the work of

- 2. "War and Peace" is written by
- 3. Metaphysical Poets belong to

4. "Adventures of the Wonder Land" is the work of
5. Off-spring of a horse is called
6. Sound of elephants is called
7. What is the basic difference between Simile and Metaphor?
8. Analogy. Hacked:Original
9. Antonym of Brawl is
10. Synonym of the word Caesarian is
11.Originally English Language is taken from
12. Synonym of the word "Promiscuous" is
13.originator of historical novel?
14.Synonymn of abate
15. emendation
16. syn:grandeur
17change in circumstances.
18.who is called mother of poor?
19. interested about
20. Absalum and abysilence
21.hottest planet
22.distance b/w sun and earth
23.shape of planets and satellites of sun
24.Commander in of infidels in battle badr
25.second kalima
26.last sonnet of keats
27.play on-words
28.natural beauty and imagination 29.English
is family oflanguage.
30. The position of earth from pnumbra
31.Crime and Punishment is wrtten by
32. Cogito ergo sum
33.what was the name of the first fort that Brits built in India?
34.what's the date of Mairaj?
35.when was the capital changed from Calcutta to Delhi?
36.when is the prayer of Kasuf offered?
37. whats the old word for storehouse?
38. whats the word for the formation of a word from a sound associated with what is named?
39. he left his father's roof is a?
40. headlights of the car?
41. what was keats last poem?
42.whose title was Mother of the poor?
$43. Hindu\ Muslims\ came\ in\ reflection \\ \textbf{English}\ \textbf{MCQs}\ \textbf{for}\ \textbf{Public}\ \textbf{Service}\ \textbf{Commission}\ \textbf{Lecturers'}\ \textbf{Test}$

**English MCQs Lecturers' Test** 

1)Repetition of same vowel sound?
Assonance
2) The poet who used extensive alliteration?
Keats
3)Wuthering heights written by ?
Emily Brontë
4)The poem "Byzantium" is written about ?
Imaginary city
5)Carl sadburg born at ?
Illinois
6)T.S Eliot was? American by birth;
British from 1927 7)Wasteland of
Eliot is dedicated to ?
Ezra Pound
8)Shakespeare acted in one of plays of ?
Ben johnson
9)Elizabeth Sewell born in ?
England
10) Linguistics is combination of words ?

11)Sound produced with obstruction of air? consonant
12)Semantics meaning?
"Study of meanings"
13)Word language consists of two words
Latin
14)Simon is character in one of novels
Golding
15)"Everyman in his humour" written by ?
Ben johnson
16) Caretaker written by ?
Pinter
17)Waiting for Godot's original language?
French
18) Stream of consciousness ?
Virginia woolf
19) "Sejanus" is satirical tragedy by ?
Ben johnson 20)Unified sensibility ?
Donne
21)Winding Stair is poem by ?

W.B.Yeats
22) Synaethesia
Unification of senses
23) Time machine-the invisible man written by ?
H.G Wells
24)The egoist written by ?
George Meredith
25) Hardy's own classification of novels?
Three
26)George Eliot wrote Adam Bede at age of ?
40
27)Age of George Eliot?
Victorian 28)
Chaucer was ?
sarcastic poet
29)Renaissance period ? 1550-1660
30)King Lear written in ?
1603 to 1606
31)17th century's historical event ?

```
Civil war
32)Paradise lost was written in?
1667
33)1660 - 1790 is rise of?
I chose "Drama" but it's not confirm. Kindly confirm it 34) Literature
became secular towards end of?
18th century
35) Tragicomedy of Shakespeare is also called?
Reconciliation play
36) Type of literature, art or music is called?
Genre
37) Enthusiastic addiction to study of Greek and Roman antiquity led to?
None (Because it led to hellenism, romantism) 38)Prospero
was protagonist of?
The Tempest
39)Age of Pope is called?
Augusten
40) Metaphysical poet is essay by?
T.S Eliot
41) Treatise on liberty written by ?
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Martin Luther
42) Figure of speech, exaggeration for emphasis?
Rhetoric
43) Adonis written for ?
Keats
44)Songs of innocence and experience belong to ?
William Blake
45)Original title of Pride and Prejudice
First Impressions
46)Shelley's first work?
Queen Mab
47)First writer of Picaresque novel ?
I chose Thackeray.Kindly confirm it.
48)The road not taken by Frost is included in his collection? Mountain Interval
49)Bacon was intellectually great but morally weak. Who said this?
?
50)Swift's irony fused into ?
humour
51)Nothing is beneath science,nor above science.who said ?

I chose Russell
52)Bird in "Ancient mariner" ?
Albatross
53) Milton got blind in age of ?
43
54)Hemingway's nick in later age ?
Papa
55)Donne's faith ?
Protestant
56)John Keats gave up career of to become a poet medicine
57) Poet who studied at Cambridge but got no degree ?
ST Colerdige 58) Which century is most important epoch in intellectual history ?
14th
59)During age of Chaucer, England passed through?
Medievalism
60)Marlow's primitive tragedy?
Tamberlaine
61)Shakespeare comedy rival?
Ben Jonson

62)Shakespeare comedy contain continental and ?
Mediterranean
63) Shakespeare's heroines have ?
Feminine traits
64)Who emerged as philosopher in "Merchant of Venice"?
Portia
65) Which play started with incident of ship wreck?
?
66)Sir Gwain and Green knight poems were written in age 67)Process
of introducing new words ?
Coinage 68)War between flesh and spirit in which novel of Hardy ?
Jude of the Obscure
69)Norman conquest in ?
1066
70)Queen Elizabeth descended throne from ?  1. Robert Stuart 2. Robert 3. James Stuart
71)University wits estimated literary period is little more than years.
10 years, 8 years, 7 years, 6 years
72)Brazen

"Shy"
73)Capricious
"Recollect"
74)Extrinsic
=======
75)fluster
76) Obdurate
submissive Synonyms
77)Truncate shorten
78)Impetuous
"irrational"
79)nincompoop
Foolish
80)Elocution
81)Ulysses poem was written by?
Tennyson
82)Far fetched metaphor ?

Conceit
83)Because I couldnot stop for death written by ?
Emily Dickinson
84)Ted Hughes and Sylvia Plath were?
Husband and wife
85. People do not exist inbut in functioning
Isolation, communities
86. The military censorspassages in letters that they thought might security.
87. Only aperson could beto the suffering of people 88. Volcanic rock very often looks shiny because it had been
Igneous
89. Fire station had been gone on at once To

#### **English Word Meaning For PCS,PMS & CSS Exams**

Abbreviation A shortened form of a word or phrase

Abolish Do away with wholly

90) antonym of callous is

Accelerate To increase the speed; to hasten the progress of

Accountable Liable to be called to account

Actuary One who calculates premium

Adolescence The period between childhood and adulthood

Aggravate To increase the gravity of an offence or the intensity of a disease

Aggressor A person who attacks first

Agnostic One who doubts the existence of god

Alienate To turn friends in enemies

Altruist A person who loves every body

Amateur One who does something not professionally but for pleasure

Ambidextrous Of a person who can use both hands equally well

Ambiguous A sentence whose meaning is unclear

Ambivalent Having opposing feelings

Amnesty General pardon

Amphibian A land animal that breeds in water

Anarchist One who is out to subvert a government

Anarchy Absence of government

Anonymous A book written by an unknown author

Answerable A person liable to be called to account for his action

Antedate To date before the true time

Anthropology A study of man

Antidote A medicine to counteract the effect of another medicine

Antiseptic A medicine that prevents decomposing

Antonym A word opposite in meaning to another

Appreciate To rise in value

Arbitrator A person appointed by parties to settle the disputes between them

Archaeology A study of ancient things

Aristocracy A Government by the Nobles

Arsenal A place where weapons and ammunitions are stored

Atheist One who does not believe in the existence of God

Audience An assembly of hearers at a lecture or concert

Auditor One who makes an official examination of accounts

Autobiography A life history written by oneself

Autocracy A Government by one

Avaricious Of a person extremely desirous of money

Behead Cut off the head

Bibliophile A great lover of books

Bigamy Practice of having two wives or husbands

Bigot One who has narrow and prejudiced religious views

Bilingual A person who speaks two languages

Biography A life history written by somebody else

Biology The science which treats with life

Botany The branch of biology dealing with plant life

Brittle Hard but liable to be easily broken

Bureaucracy A Government by the officials

Callous A man devoid of kind feeling and sympathy

Cannibal Of a man or animal that feeds on its own species

Carnivorous A flesh eating animal

Catalogue A list of books

Celibacy Abstinence from sex

Celibate One who is unmarried

Centenarian A person who is above hundred years

Centenary Celebration of a hundredth year, once –a-century

Colleague A co-worker or a fellow-worker in the same institution

Congenital Belonging or pertaining to an individual from birth

Contemporaries People living at the same time

Contemporary Belonging to the same period of time

Convalescent One who is recovering from illness

Cosmology Science of origin of universe

Cosmopolitan One who can make himself at home in all countries

Cosmopolite A citizen of the world

Credulous A person who readily believes whatever is told to him/her.

Cynic One who questions everything

Delegate To give one

Democracy Government of the people, for the people, by the people

Depreciate To go down in value

Deteriorate To go from bad to worse

Disenfranchisement To take away some one

Draw A game in which neither party wins

Drawn/ Tie A game or batter in which neither party wins

Word Meaning

Eccentric One who has strange habits

Ecology Study of environment

Edible A thing that is fit to be eaten

Effeminate Of a man showing feminine attributes

Egotist A person who always thinks of himself; somebody who is selfish or self-centered

Eligible One who is qualifies for election

Elucidate To explain something mysterious or difficult

Embezzlement Misappropriation of money

Emphasize To lay special stress on

Epicure Somebody who has refined taste for food; somebody who loves sensual pleasure and luxury

Epidemic A contagious disease which spreads over a huge area

Epitaph Inscription on a tombstone

Equestrian A person who rides on horse-back

Equilibrium A state of perfect balance

Eradicate Destroy or get rid of something completely; root out an evil or bad practice Ethnology

A study of races

Etiquette Established rules of conduct; rules of acceptable behavior

Etymology A study of derivation of words

Exonerate Free somebody from blame or guilt

Extempore A speech delivered without any previous preparation

Facsimile An exact copy

Fanatic A man who has too much enthusiasm for his own religion

Fastidious A person difficult to please

Fatal Anything that leads to death

Fatalist A person who believes in fate

Feminist One who thinks only of welfare of women

Foregone Something that has been determined beforehand

Fratricide The murder or murderer of one

Germicide A medicine that kills germs

Glutton One who eats too much

Gratis Without payment

Gregarious Of animals living in flocks

Gullible One who is easily deceived

Herbivorous A grass eating animal

Homicide Murder of a human being

Honorary A position for which no salary is paid

Hostility Intense aggression or anger state of antagonism

Humanitarian One who feels sympathetic towards human beings

Hung Assembly or parliament in which no party has got clear majority

Hypocrite One who pretends to be what he is not

Idiosyncrasy A person's peculiar habit

**Idolatry Worship of idols** 

Illegal That which is against law

Illegible A handwriting that cannot be read

Illicit That is prohibited by law

Illiterate A person who cannot read or write

Immigrant One who lives in a foreign country

Imperceptible That which cannot be noticed

Impervious A person who remains unmoved and unaffected by other people's opinions, suggestions

Impracticable That which cannot be practiced

Impregnable Incapable of being seized by attack

Improbable That which is not likely to happen

Inanimate Without life

Inaudible A sound that cannot be heard

Incomprehensible A statement which cannot be understood

Incorrigible One who cannot be corrected

Incredible That which cannot be believed

Incurable That which cannot be cured

Indefatigable One incapable of being tired

Indefensible That which cannot be defended

Indescribable That which cannot be described

Indispensable Something that is essential and cannot be dispensed with

Inevitable That which cannot be avoided

Inexplicable That which cannot be explained

Infallible A remedy which never fails

Infanticide The act of killing an infant

Inflammable Something that is quickly and easily set on fire and burned

Inimitable A method that cannot be imitated

Insatiable That which cannot be satisfied

Insoluble Incapable of being dissolved in a liquid

Insolvent One who is unable to pay his debts

Intestate One who dies without a Will

Introspection The action of looking back on past time

Invincible That which cannot be conquered

Invisible A thing that cannot be seen with human eyes

Invulnerable That which cannot be hurt

Irrelevant Not applicable

Irreparable A loss of damage that cannot be compensated

Irrevocable That cannot be altered or withdrawn

Irritable A man who is easily irritated

Jurisdiction The area over which an official has control

Word Meaning

Legal That which is lawful

Maiden The first speech made by a person

Manuscript Handwritten book

Matinee A cinema show which is held in the afternoon

Matricide Killing of one's own mother; killer of one's own mother

Medieval Belonging to the Middle Ages

Mercenary One who can do anything for money

Misanthrope One who hates mankind

Misanthropist Hater of mankind

Misogamist A person who does not believe in the institution of marriage

Misogynist A person who hates women

Mobocracy Rule by the mob

Monarchy A Government by a king or queen

Monogamy Practice of having one wife or husband

Namesake Somebody or something with the same name as somebody or something else

Neophyte One who is a newcomer

Notorious A person with an evil reputation

Novice One who is new to a trade or profession

Numismatics Science of coins or medals

Obsolete A thing no longer in use

Oligarchy A Government by the few

Omnipotent All-powerful; possessing complete power and authority

Omnipresent One who is present everywhere

Omniscient A person who knows everything

Omnivorous An animal or a human being that eats any kind of food

Opaque That through which light cannot pass

Optimist One who looks at the bright side of things; somebody positive

Ornithology A study of birds

Orphanage A place where orphans live

Panacea A supposed cure for all diseases or problems

Parasite A person supported by another and giving him/her nothing in return

Patricide Killing of one's own father; killer of one's own father

Pauper One who has no money

Pedestrian One who goes on foot

Pessimist One who looks on the dark side of things

Philanthropist Lover of mankind

Philistine One who does not care for art, literature etc

Physiology A study of the body

Plagiarist One who copies from other writers

Plutocracy A Government by the rich

Polyandry Practice of having several husbands

Polygamy Practice of having several wives

Polyglot One who knows many languages

Posthumous A book published after the death of its author

Postmortem Medical examination of a dead body

Postscript A short message added on to the end of a letter after the signature

Potable Water fit for drinking

Predator An animal who preys on other animals

Psephology Systematic study of election trends

Pseudonym To write under a different name

Regicide Murder of the king

Reticent One who speaks less

Sacrilege Violating the sanctity of a church

Samaritan One who helps others Good

Sinecure An office with high salary but no work

Smuggler A person who imports or exports goods into or from a country secretly because they are illegal or in order to avoid paying duty on them

Soporific A drug or other substance that induces sleep

Stoic One who is indifferent to pleasure or pain

Suicide Murder of self

Synonyms Words which have the same meaning

Theist One who believes in God

Translucent That through which light can partly pass

Transparent That through which light can pass

Turncoat One who changes sides

Valetudinarian One who always thinks himself to be ill

Vandal One who damages public property

Vegetarian Somebody who doesn't eat meat or fish

Venial A pardonable offense

Ventriloquist One who can throw his voice

Veteran Somebody who is considerably experienced in something

Volunteer One who works for free

Zoology A study of animals

Zoology The branch of biology dealing with the study of animals

# **English Mcqs Practice Test**

#### WHAT IS ANTONYMS OF WORD TORSION

straightening

talk turn

emotion

# COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE THIS IS THE BEST BOOK

of all others on History

of any other on History

of all on History of any

other in History

WHAT IS ANTONYMS OF WORD INIQUITY

equitable
intensity
COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE NO SOONER DID THE THIEF SEE THE POLICEMAN
he ran away he had run away when he ran away than he
ran away
WHAT IS ANTONYMS OF WORD STUBBORN suborn
obstinate
ductile stub
COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE HE IS A fine, young, tall
The To A line, young, tall
energetic man young, fine, tall &
energetic man young, fine, tall &
energetic man young, fine, tall & energetic man tall, young,
energetic man young, fine, tall & energetic man tall, young, energetic & fine man fine, tall,
energetic man young, fine, tall & energetic man tall, young, energetic & fine man fine, tall, young & energetic man  WHAT IS SYNONYMS OF WORD FORAY

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE

cruelty injustice

#### IF I WERE NOT BUSY, I

shall go with you will go

with you would have gone

with you would go with

you

# COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE WHAT DO YOU

say to a cup of tea

tell a cup of tea utter

to a cup of tea

narrate a cup of tea

#### COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE I DONT AGREE WITH YOU; I THINK

it is fairly good film it is

rather a good film it is

rather fairly good film it is

fairly rather good film

# COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE IT IS TIME THAT

the children go to bed the

children went to bed the

children go to their bed the

children went to their bed

# COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE HARDLY

he reached the college, it began to rain we

reached college, then it began to rain we reached

college, when it began to rain had we reached the

college, when it began to rain

PICK THE CORRECT RESPONSE FROM FOLLOWING SENTENCE
I ALWAYS PRAISE HIM FOR HIS MERITS, BUT HE ALWAYS TURNS ...... YOU

POINTING OUT YOUR DEMERITS at to on

for

WHAT IS ANTONYMS OF WORD RESTORATION

lexicon balm hoarding depredation

WHAT IS SYNONYMS OF WORD NIGHTMARE

story journey incubus owl